

Form-Based Code Technique: Regeneration Plans

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Moule & Polyzoides

Architects and Urbanists

Focus: from staff perspective

- **Dial it up / Dial it down**
- **Know about it before you accidentally leave it out**
- **Learn to drive the Ferrari**
- **Plugging it in**

Form-Based Code Components

1. Regulating Plan
Intended Character
Zones,
Rights-of-Way

2. Land Use Regulations
Permit Requirements/Administration

3. Block and Street
Standards
Blocks and Open Space
Landscape
Streets

4. Urban Standards
Building Placement / Height, Encroachments
Parking Placement

5. Architectural Standards
Building Types
Frontage Types
Architectural Style

TOPIC / COMPONENT**LEVEL OF REGULATION**

1

2

3

CHARACTER AND INTENSITY

REGULATING PLANS

ZONES AND INTENT

DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL

**SUBDIVISION OF LAND**

BLOCKS

LOTS

STREET TYPES

OPEN SPACE TYPES

STREETScape TYPES

**URBAN STANDARDS**

BUILDING PLACEMENT

BUILDING HEIGHT

BUILDING PROFILE

ENCROACHMENTS

PARKING PLACEMENT

PARKING REQUIREMENTS

**ARCHITECTURAL STANDARDS**

BUILDING TYPES

FRONTAGE TYPES

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

SIGNAGE

**ADMINISTRATION**

PROCEDURES

DEFINITIONS



CODE FRAMEWORK AND REGULATIONS

Regulator Addendums to Plan

The individual regulations for each of the zones in the plan are approved for each zone to carry out the intentions and vision of the plan. These regulations work in coordination with the regulatory plan.

NA = not applicable
- = not allowed

Urban Center Zone

The UC Zone is applied to areas planned for dense regional and community-level needs. Developments are pedestrian-oriented, regular in planning and detail to support an inviting and effective commercial environment. Buildings are close to or at the sidewalk with outdoor extensions and activities. Parking is shared in a park-like system of on-street and off-street spaces.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Urban Edge Zone

The UE Zone is applied to areas along major thoroughfares to serve community-level needs. Buildings front streets and cover most of the footage with parking areas and use of surrounding and behind buildings. Developments are pedestrian-oriented, regular in planning and detail to provide spatial definition along their community-serving streets.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Special District Zone

The SD Zone is applied to areas that are single-purpose in nature and due to their configuration and use, are not intended as multi-use neighborhoods or districts (e.g., Sports Complex, Parkland, Power Center, industrial areas). Parking is on-street and off-street.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Neighborhood Center Zone

The NC Zone is applied to areas to serve local neighborhood needs through mixed use development (retail, office and residential uses). Buildings are close to or at the sidewalk. Developments are pedestrian-oriented, regular in planning and detail to reinforce the neighborhood fabric of the area. Parking is shared in a park-like system of on-street and off-street spaces.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, high density

Neighborhood Center, 2 Zone

The NC-2 Zone is applied to areas intended to accommodate the widest variety of attached and detached building types and uses at the local neighborhood level. Developments are pedestrian-oriented, regular and irregular in planning and detail to provide spatial definition to the wider range of building types. Parking is provided on-street.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, high density

Neighborhood Center, 1 Zone

The NC-1 Zone is applied to areas intended to accommodate the widest variety of attached and detached building types and uses at the local neighborhood level. Developments are pedestrian-oriented, regular and irregular in planning and detail to provide spatial definition to the wider range of building types. Parking is provided on-street.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Neighborhood Center, 3 Zone

The NC-3 Zone is applied to areas intended for low density development in the plan area through detached building types. Developments are pedestrian-oriented and irregular to provide the physical context with the rest of the plan area. Parking is provided along street frontages or in the rear of yards and garages, if any.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Green Space Zone

The GS Zone is applied to areas intended for low density development with a focus on appropriate passive and active recreation. Developments are pedestrian-oriented and irregular to provide the physical context with the rest of the plan area. Parking is provided along street frontages or in the rear of yards and garages, if any.



Commercial, medium density
Industrial, medium density
Residential, medium density

Character	
Development Potential	
Permitted Uses	Regional / Community-level office, retail, on-street, medium density, civic

Blocks / Subdivision of Land	D - Depth: min, max Length: min, max T - Depth/Length: you may largest a value
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Building Type Standards	
Type	Lot Area Min Area Max Area Min Stories Max Stories
Townhome/Podium	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Podium	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Hybrid Court	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Commercial Block	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Stacked Dwelling	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Industrial Shed	40,000 - 80,000 40,000 - 80,000 40,000 - 80,000 1 - 2 2 - 3
Courtyard Housing	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Rowhouse	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Bungalow Court	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Rowhouse	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Duplex + Quadplex	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Single Dwelling	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7
Accessory Dwelling	10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 - 20,000 3 - 5 5 - 7

Building Placement Standards			
Setback	Front, Side, Rear, Street Side		
Min	Max	Other	
Front	5'	10'	NA
Side	5'	10'	NA
Rear	5'	10'	NA
Street Side	5'	10'	NA

Building Profile Standards			
Min and Max Building Height (by street)			
Types of Development/Use/Setback			
Max Front	Min	Max	Other
Max Rear	5'	10'	NA
Max Side	5'	10'	NA
Max Street Side	5'	10'	NA

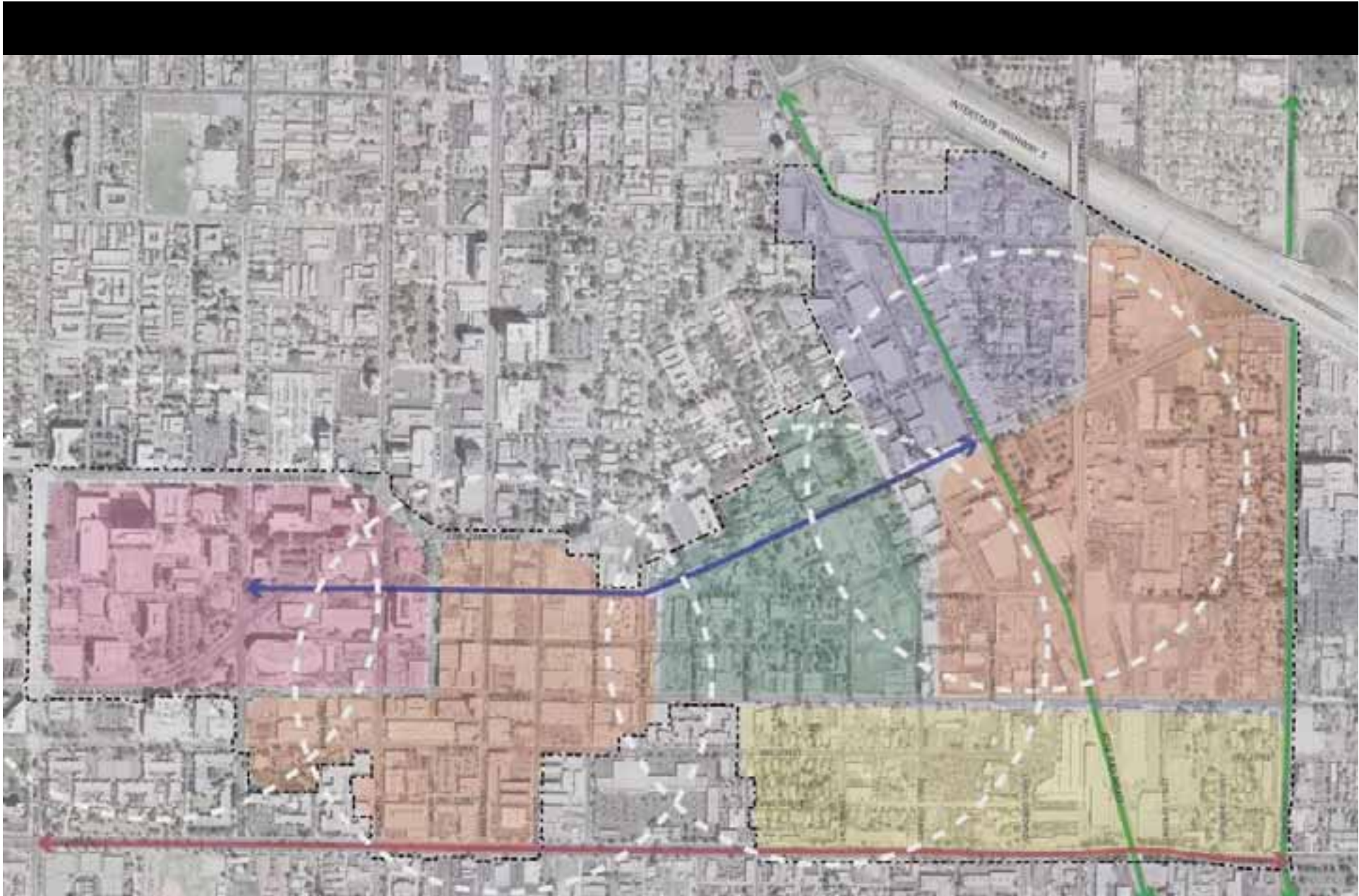
Frontage Type Standards				
Type	Width	Depth	Height	Other
Arched	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Gallery	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Shopfront	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Shop	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Rowhouse	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Walked Front Yard	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Front & Corner Yard	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Front	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Corner Lot	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-
Other	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	-

Parking & Parking Placement Standards							
Location: on-street buildings	Location: along on-street buildings	Location: on-street in lot	Location: behind buildings	Location: on-street buildings	Location: on-street buildings	Location: in front of on-street buildings	Location: along street frontages
Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
10'	10'	10'	10'	10'	10'	10'	10'

Urban Center

Green Space

FORM-BASED CODE FRAMEWORK















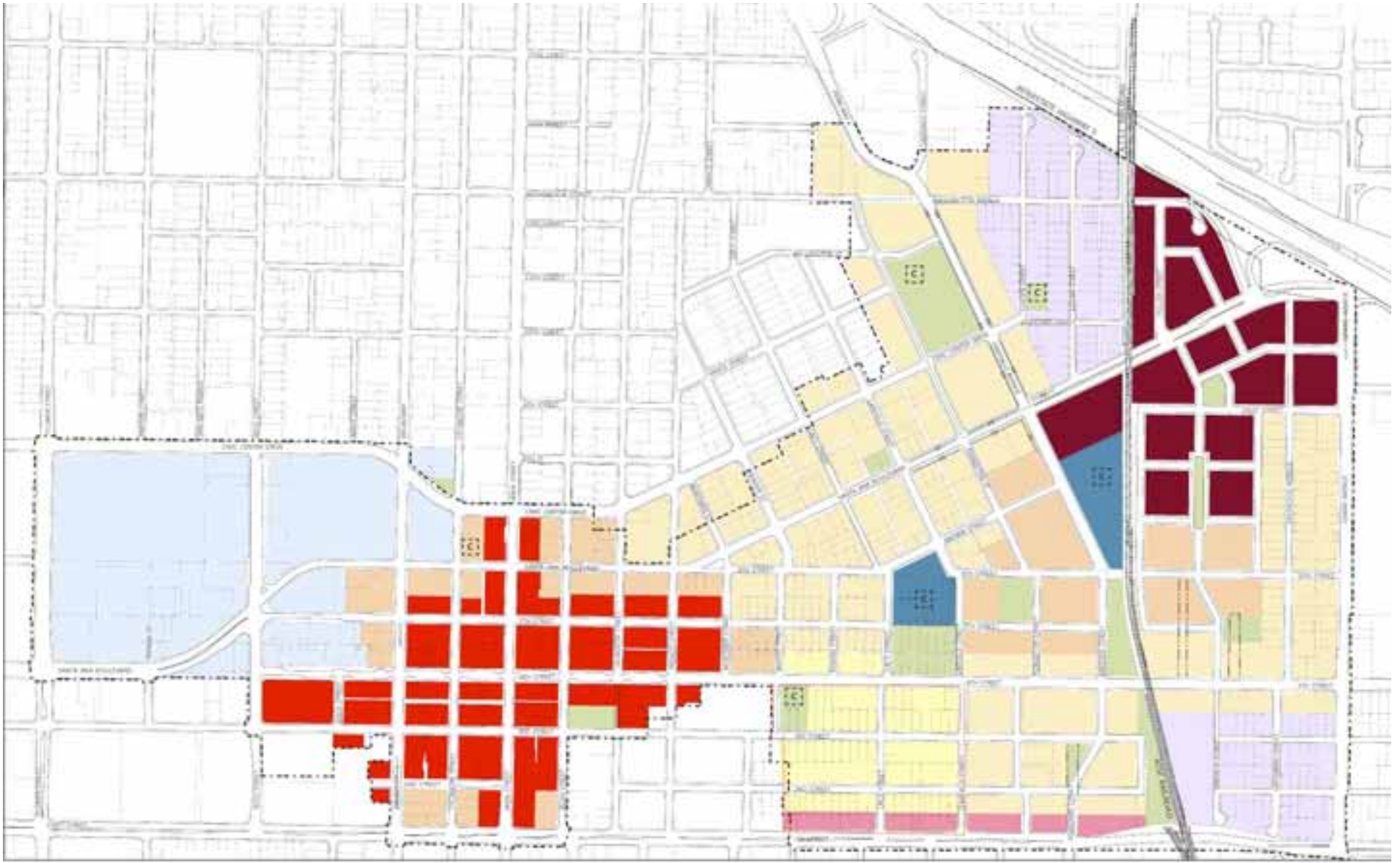


Composite Interventions

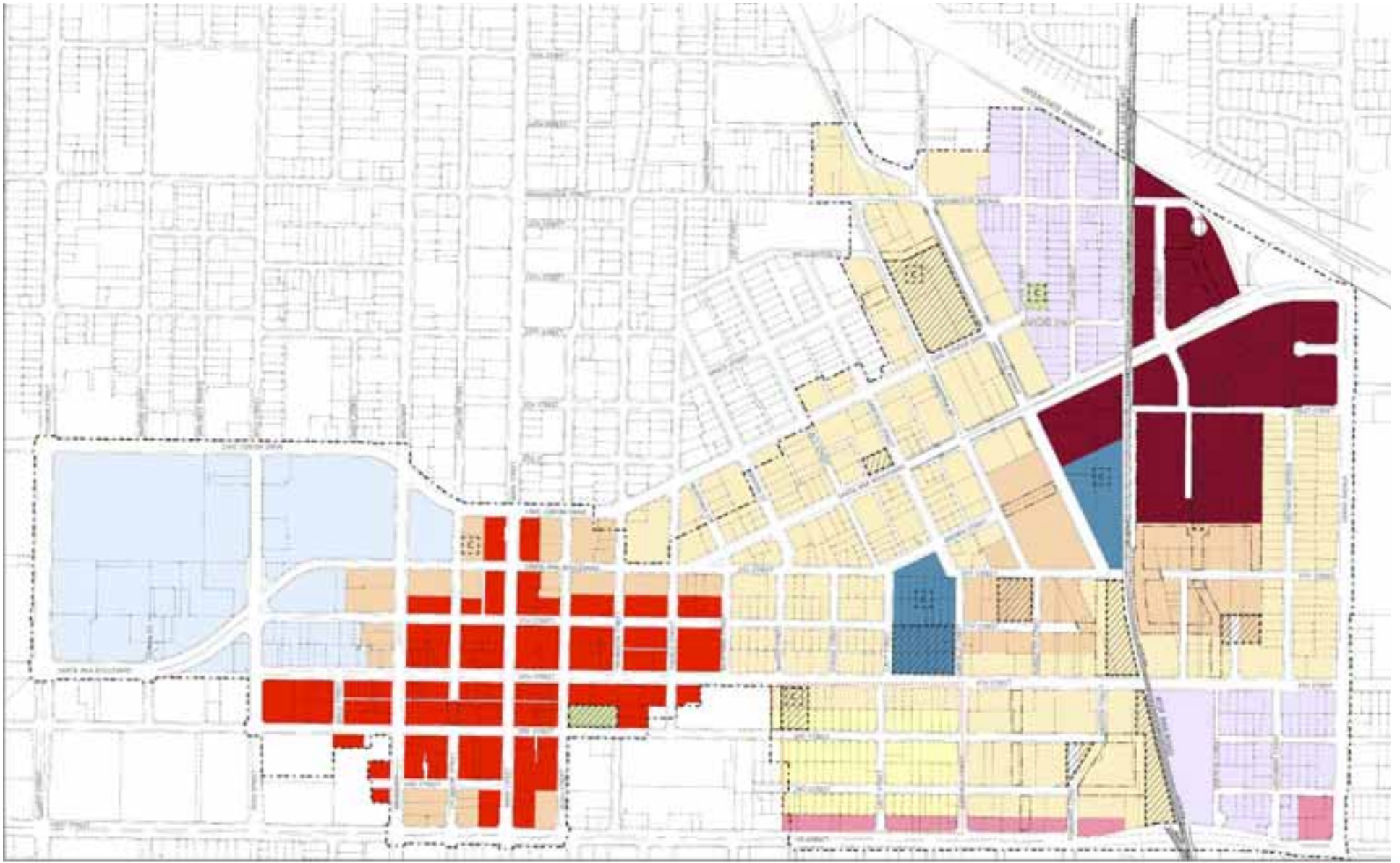


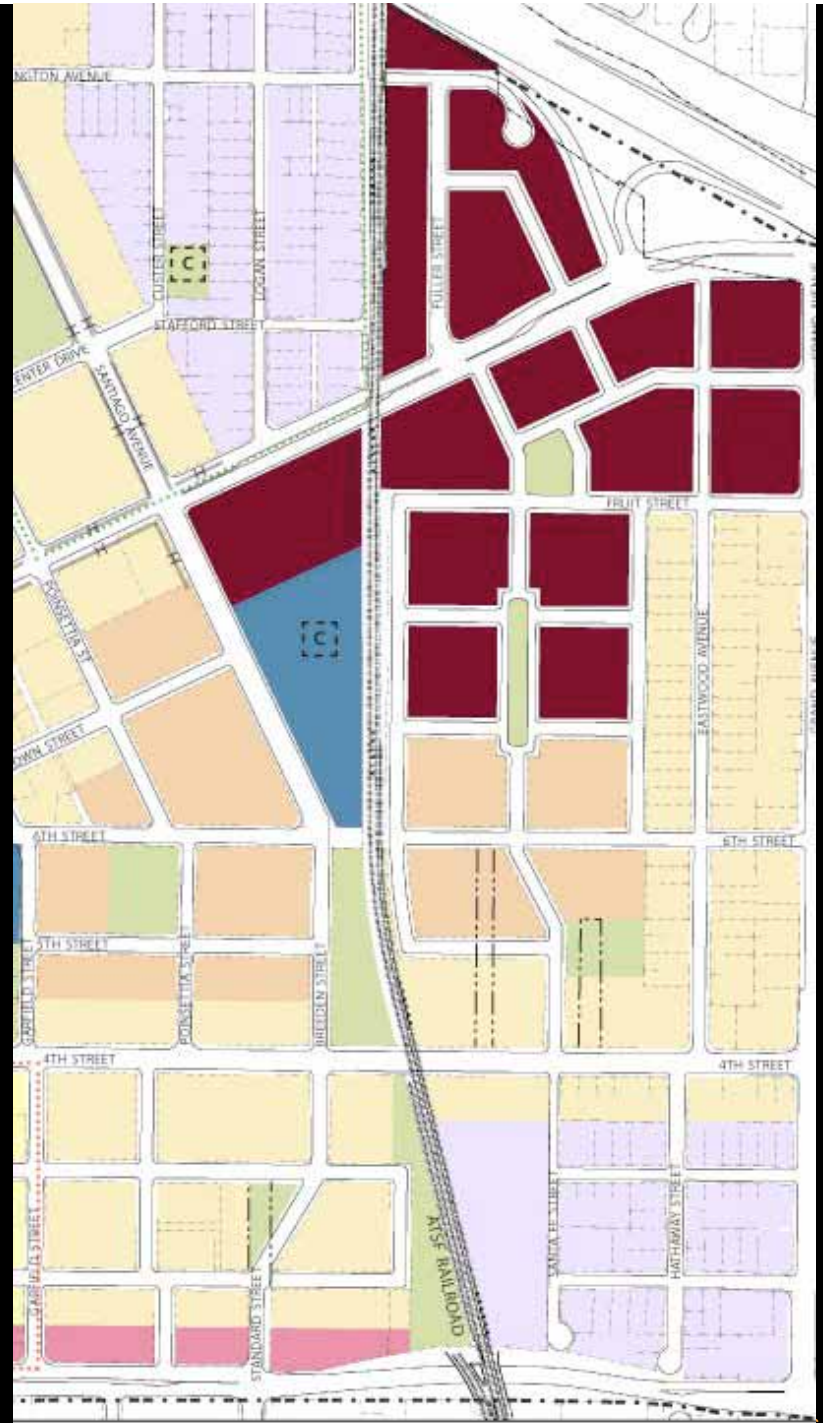


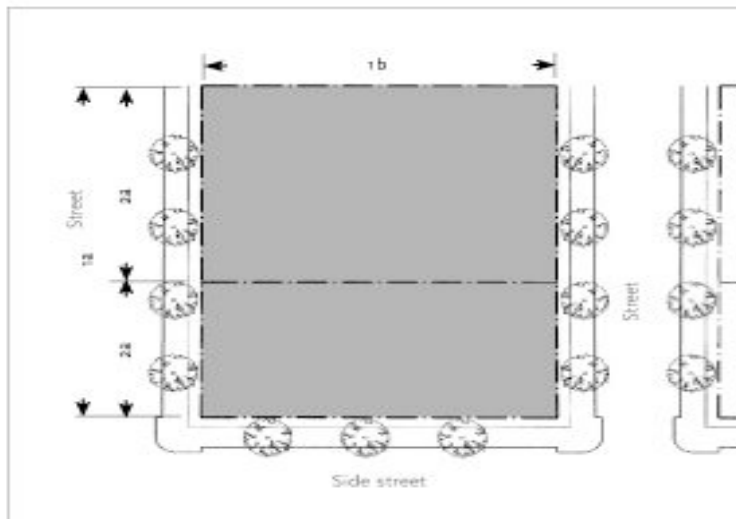




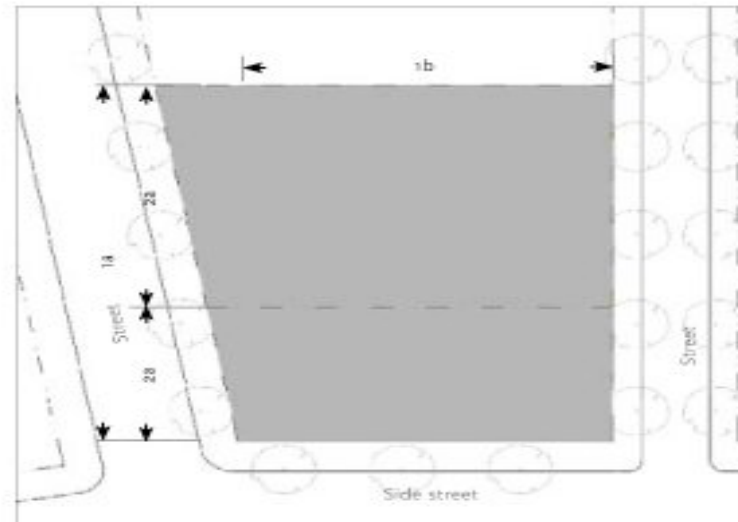
**Evolving the technique to be more
responsive to local needs**







Orthogonal Block Requirements Diagram



Trapezoidal Block Requirements Diagram



Existing alley access

4.8.040 - Block Requirements. The dimensional requirements are summarized below with an illustrative sequence on page 4:32 of subdividing a site into blocks per the following standards:

A. Orthogonal Block Requirements - Orthogonal blocks are rectilinear and consist of square or rectangular designs. The following requirements apply:

1. Block Length / Width

Blocks of various designs and functions are allowed as identified in the diagram above and per the standards below:

For 10% of Blocks

- (a) Minimum: 150 feet; Maximum: 600 feet
- (b) Minimum: 150 feet; Maximum: 600 feet

For 90% of Blocks

- (a) Minimum: 250 feet; Maximum: 600 feet
- (b) Minimum: 250 feet; Maximum: 600 feet

2. Parcel / Lot Width

All buildings shall be designed to a parcel as identified below:

- (a) Minimum: as specified per the allowed Building Type(s)
- Maximum: 300 feet or as specified further per the allowed Building Type(s)

Note: The parcel is primarily for design purposes and may be made permanent through the regular process for parcel or tract maps.

3. Streets / Rights-of-Way

All blocks shall be designed per the allowable street types, as identified in 4.9, Street Network Plan

B. Trapezoidal Block Requirements - Trapezoidal blocks are irregular in shape and consists of various designs. The following requirements apply:

1. Block Length / Width

Blocks of various designs and functions are allowed as identified in the diagram above and per the standards below:

For 20% of Blocks

- (a) Minimum: 100 feet; Maximum: average of 400 feet for two longest sides
- (b) Minimum: 100 feet; Maximum: average of 400 feet for two longest sides

For 80% of Blocks

- (a) Minimum: 200 feet; Maximum: average of 500 feet for two longest sides
- (b) Minimum: 200 feet; Maximum: average of 500 feet for two longest sides

2. Parcel / Lot Width

All buildings shall be designed to a parcel as identified below:

- Building Types.
 - (a) Minimum: as specified per the allowed Building Type(s)
 - Maximum: 300 feet or as specified per the allowed Building Type(s)

Note: The parcel is primarily for design purposes and may be made permanent through the regular process for parcel or tract maps.

3. Streets / Rights-of-Way

All blocks shall be designed per the allowable street types, as identified in 4.9, Street Network Plan.

4.8.050 - Access to site into blocks and other right-of-way

A. Realignment - Existing right-of-way block and prior to the application

B. Existing Alley - In all cases, blocking alley access, including alley access deflection, etc. minimum 100 feet realigned alley



Residential zoning | Industrial zoning





Varied Massing and Building Size Standards

A photograph of a multi-story apartment building with a red line indicating a 30-foot maximum height. The building is a long, three-story structure with a light-colored facade and numerous windows. A red line is drawn across the building, starting from the top left corner and sloping downwards to the right. The text "30 ft max height" is written in red, bold font, centered over the line. In the foreground, there is a paved parking lot with several cars parked. A street sign is visible on the left side of the image. The sky is blue with some light clouds.

**30 ft max
height**

**35 ft max
height**







5

4

4

3

4

2-

3

2

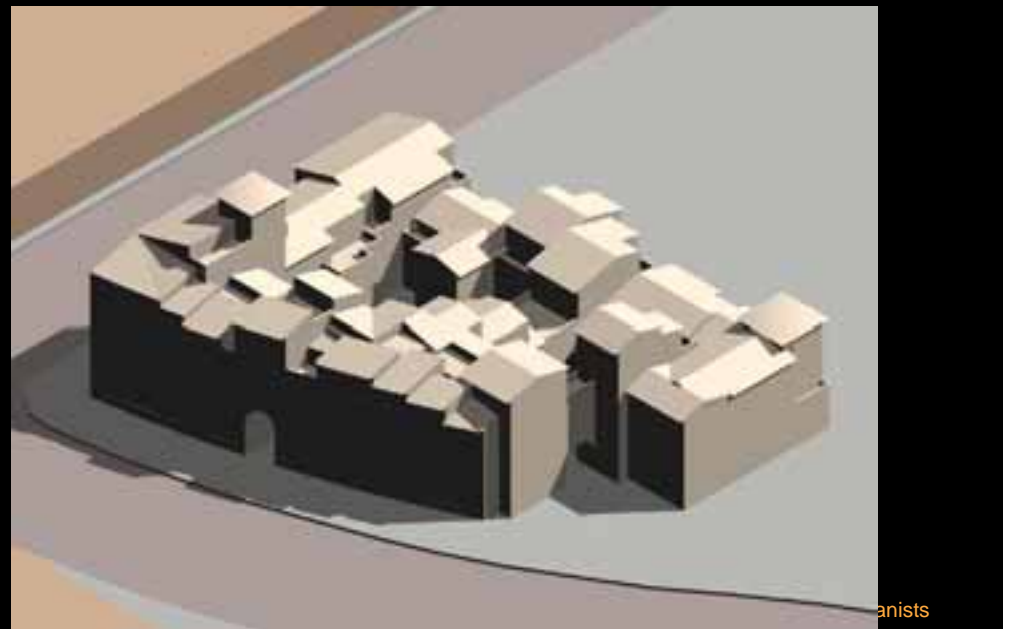
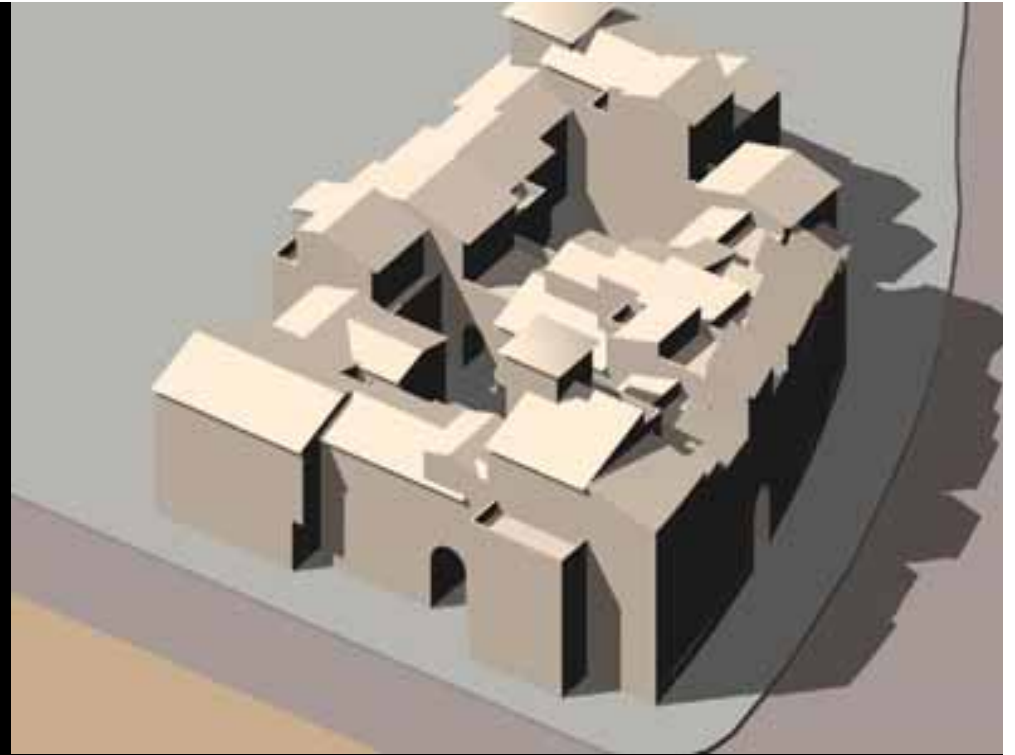
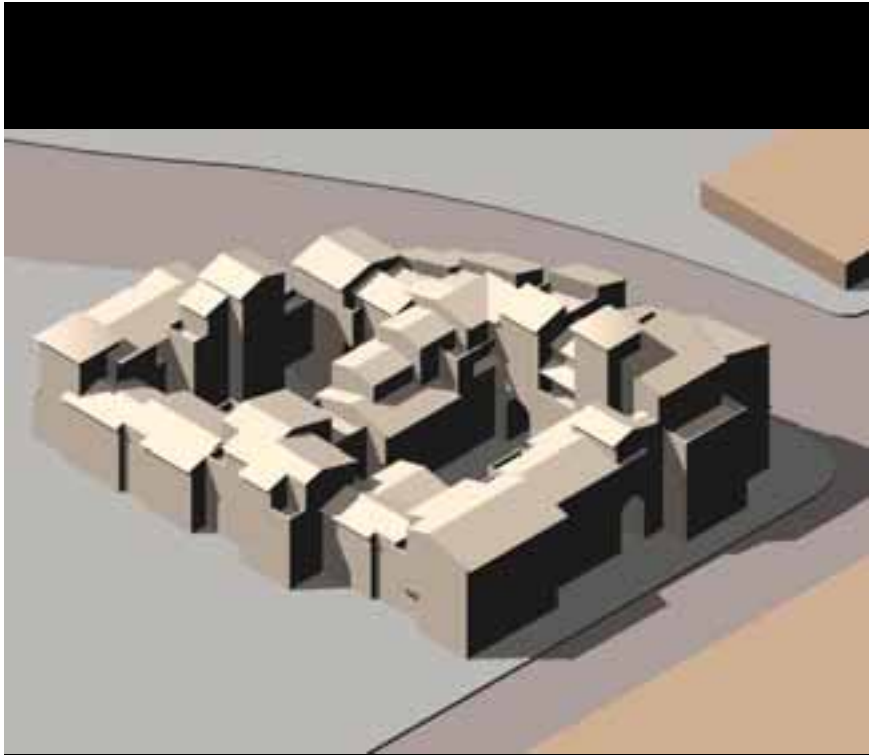
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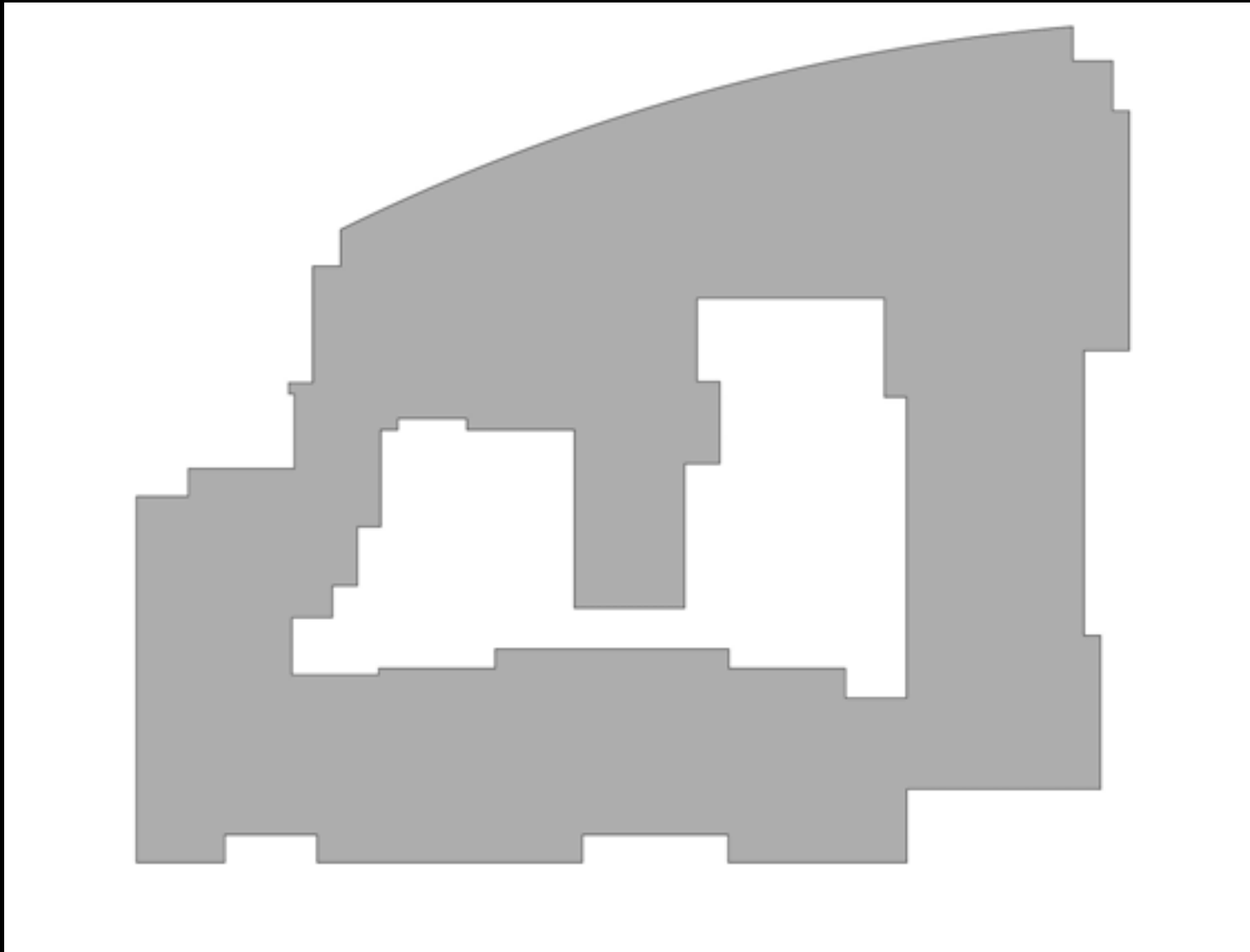
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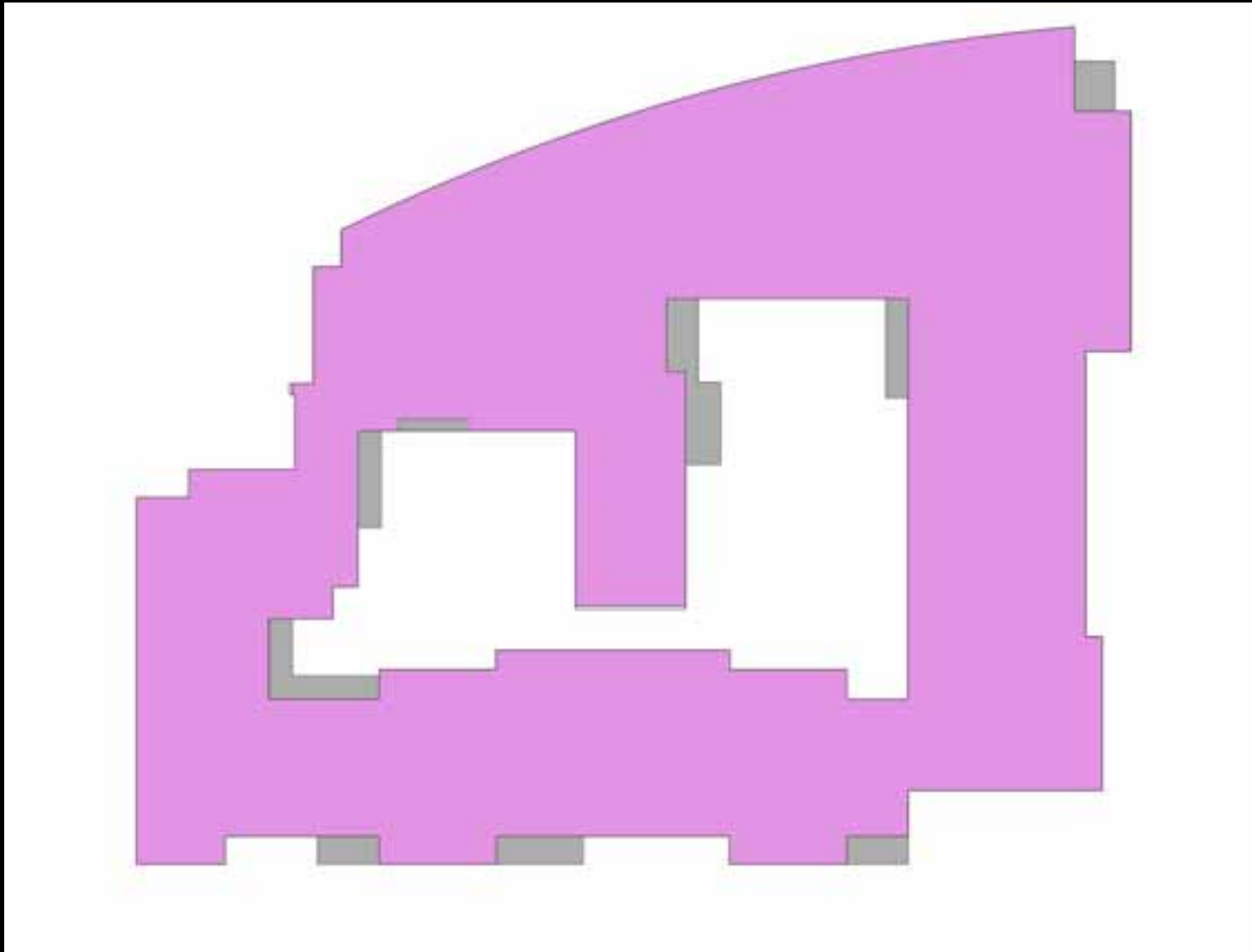
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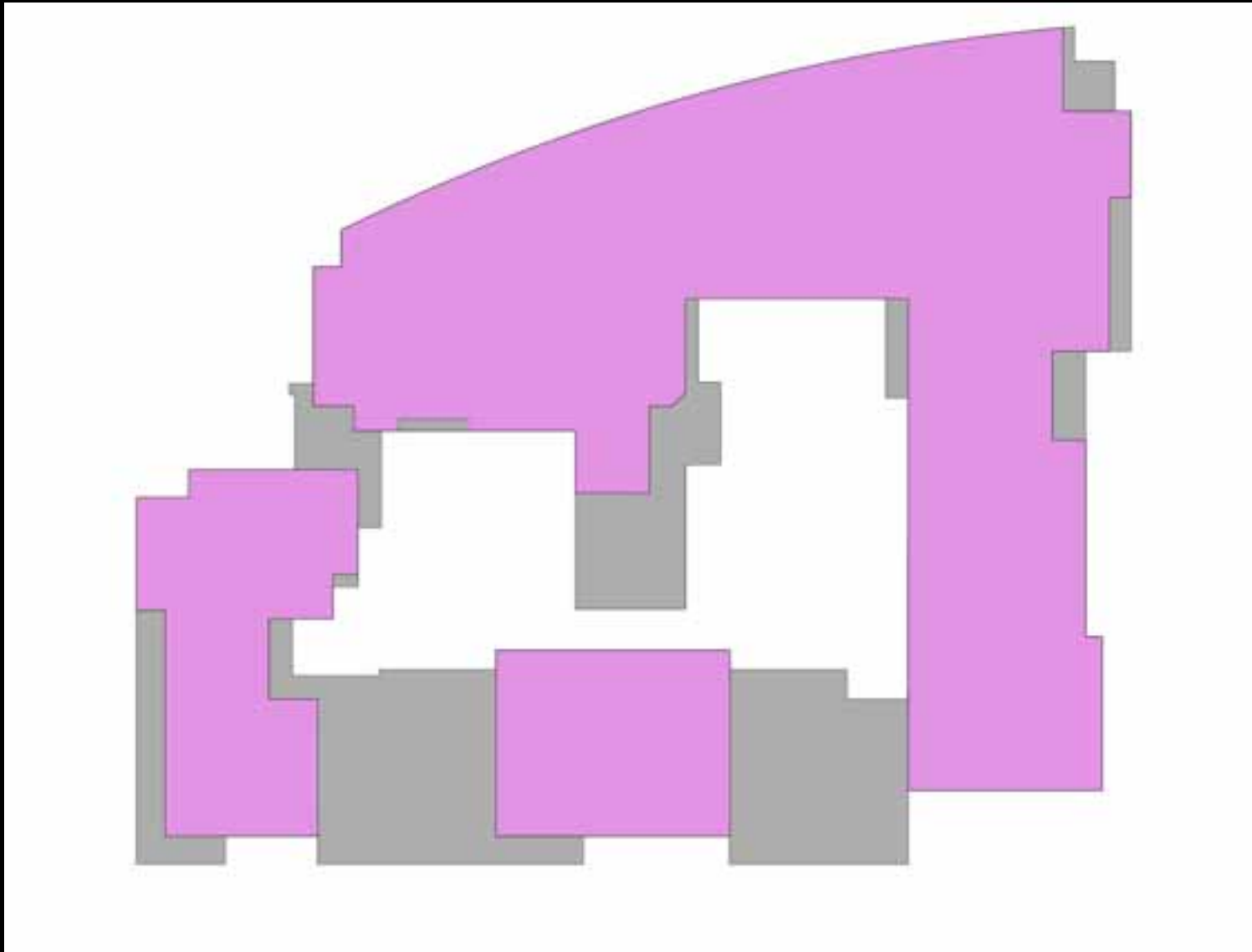
Scenario (in Stories)	Ratio of each Story				
	1	2	3	4	5
2.0	100%	80%	15%	-	-
3.0	100%	80%	50%	15%	-
3.5	100%	90%	65%	25%	-
4.0	100%	100%	70%	35%	15%



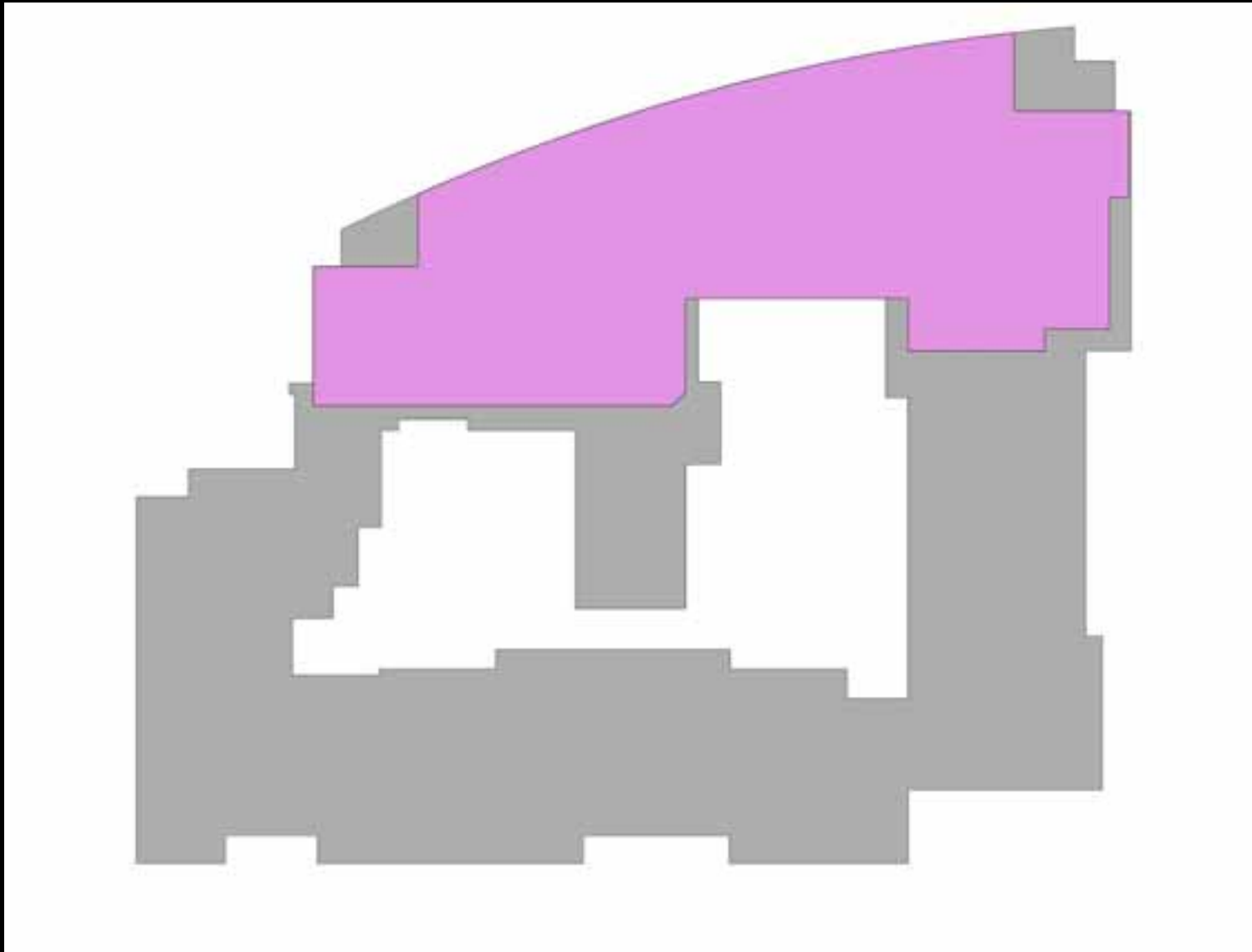
First Floor - 100%



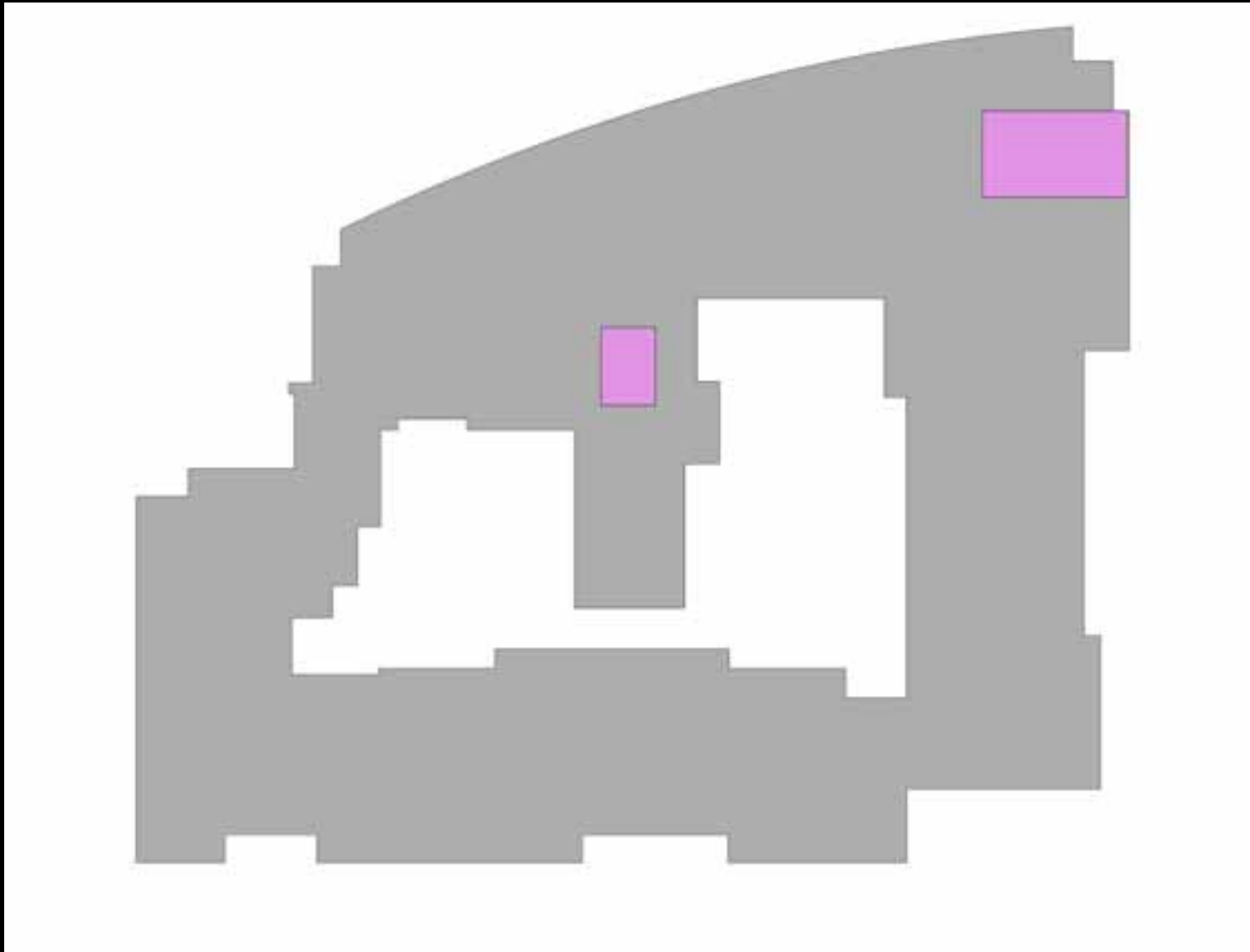
Second Floor - 90-100%



Third Floor - 70%



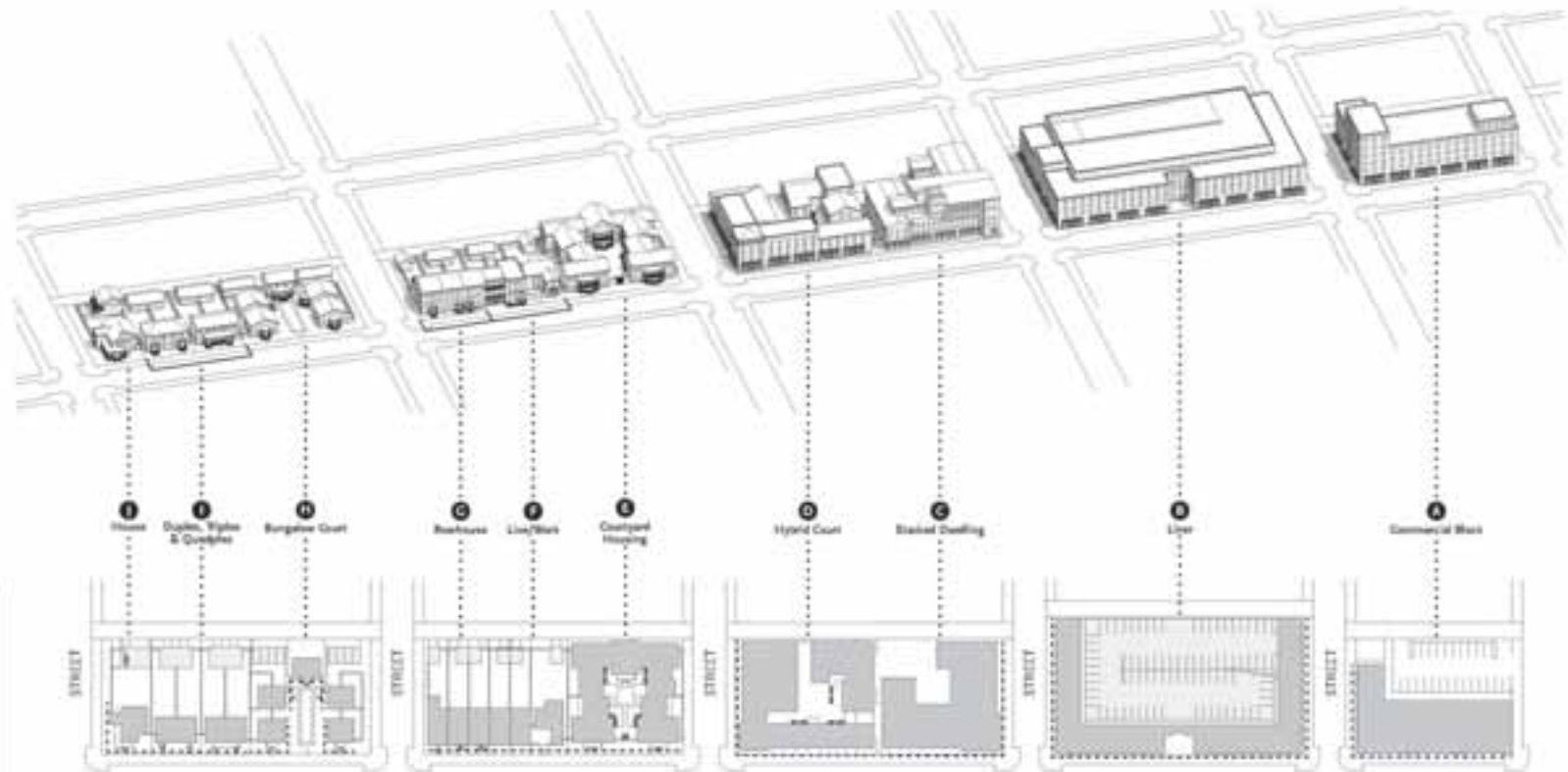
Fourth Floor - 35%



Fifth Floor - 15%



FAR and Density resulting from FBC



BUILDING TYPES AND ADJACENCIES

This diagram identifies the range of building types allowed in the Master Plan area. The individual types are arranged on a continuum of intensity with the least intense at left and the most intense at right. Each type is shown as identified (in Table 4.5-1) and its requirements are described on the following pages.

TABLE 4.5-1 BUILDING TYPES ALLOWED BY ZONE (See 4.5-2 for individual building type standards)

Building Type	Density/Area Range (1)	Lot Width (2) (min-max)	Lot Depth (3) (min)	Building Types and Stories Allowed by Zone				
				MS-C	MS-CR	MS	MS-4	MS-6
A. Commercial Block	20 - 100	115' - 300'	—	3	4	5	—	7.5
B. Live	20 - 20	120' - 300'	—	3	2	4	—	—
C. Stacked Dwelling	20 - 20	115' - 300'	100'	3	5	6	—	—
D. Hybrid Court	40 - 20	120' - 300'	100'	3.5	4.5	4	4	—
E. Courtyard Housing	20 - 20	120' - 300'	100'	3	3	3	3	7.5
F. Live/Work	15 - 15	100' - 150'	—	3	3	3	3	3
G. Backhouse	15 - 15	100' - 150'	100'	3	3	3	3	3
H. Bangalow Court	10 - 10	100' - 150'	100'	—	3	3	—	7.5
I. Duplex/Triplex/Quadplex	10 - 10	20' - 100'	100'	—	—	—	—	7.5
J. House	5 - 10	30' - 50'	—	—	—	—	—	3

Y = Allowed — = Not Allowed

- (1) Dwellings per acre per the typological limits of each building type and the range of densities that can be accommodated while maintaining the particular character for the type as described in this chapter.
- (2) See zone requirements for additional height information.
- (3) Measured along the front of the lot (See 4.5-2.1.1)





A

TOWER ON PODIUM

	MIN	MAX
Lot Width	200	250
Lot Dept	150	150
Front Yard Setback	5	5
Side Yard Setback 1	5	5
Open Space Area (15% of Lot Area)	4,500	
Second Floor Massing	0%	100%
Third Floor Massing	0%	100%
Fourth Floor Massing	0%	100%
Fifth Floor Massing	0%	100%
Sixth Floor Massing	0%	
7th Floor Massing		
8th Floor Massing		
9th Floor Massing		
10th floor		40%
11th		40%
12th		40%
13th		40%
14th		40%
15th		40%
16th		30%
17th		30%
18th		30%
19th		30%
20th		30%
21st		30%
22nd		30%
23rd		30%
24th		30%
25th		30%
Front Yard Area	1,000	
Side Yard 1 Area		
Side Yard 2 Area		
Rear Yard Area	2,000	3,500
Open Space Area	4,500	
Potential Dwellings [1]	1	
Dwellings per Acre	1,462	

[1] Subject to addressing parking and all applicable requirements.

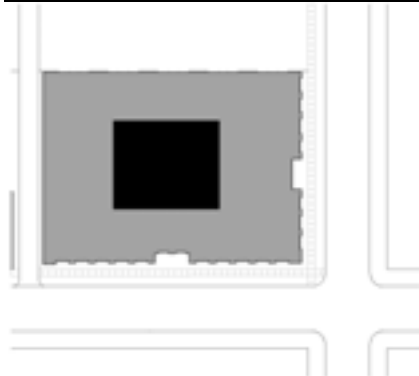


F

COURTYARD HOUSING

	MIN	MAX
Lot Width	150	200
Lot Dept	150	150
Front Yard Setback	10	15
Side Yard Setback 1	10	10
Side Yard Setback 2	10	10
Rear Yard Setback	15	15
Open Space Area (15% of Lot Area)	4,500	
Second Floor Massing		100%
Third Floor Massing	0%	
Fourth Floor Massing	0%	
Fifth Floor Massing	0%	35%
Sixth Floor Massing	0%	0%
Front Yard Area	1,250	3,000
Side Yard 1 Area	1,250	1,200
Side Yard 2 Area	1,250	1,200
Rear Yard Area		3,000
Open Space Area	4,500	
Setback and Open Space Area		12,900
Lot Area		30,000
Lot Area (acres)	0.430	
Floor Area: Ground Floor	10,313	
Floor Area: Second Floor		
Floor Area: Third Floor	0	14,535
Floor Area: Fourth Floor	0	
Floor Area: Fifth Floor	0	
Floor Area: Sixth Floor	0	14,535
Floor Area		
Interior Circulation, Stairs, etc. (15%)		11,404
NET Floor Area		
Floor Area Ratio	.99	2.53
Potential Dwellings [1]	11	29
Dwellings per Acre	24.44	

[1] Subject to addressing parking and all applicable requirements.



C. Shopfront

Shopfront: Shopfronts are large glazed openings in a façade, filled with doors and transparent glass in a storefront assembly. At least 70% of the façade below the height of 10 feet should be transparent glass, which should extend to within no less than 3 feet of the ground. This traditional retail frontage type is often provided with canopies or awnings, which may be fixed or retractable, to shelter pedestrians and shade the storefront glass from glare. The storefront assembly may be recessed to provide a widened sidewalk or a covered area for outdoor dining, but even a slight recess can significantly reduce the visibility of merchandise.

1. Configuration

A great variety of shopfront designs are possible, but the following apply:

- a. min 10 feet tall, as measured from the adjacent sidewalk.
- b. The corresponding storefront opening(s) along the primary frontage shall comprise at least 65% of the 1st floor wall area facing the street and not have opaque or reflective glazing.
- c. Storefronts within the overall façade may be recessed from the frontage line by up to 10 feet.
- d. A physical transition shall be provided between the glazing of the storefront and the grade except if the glazing itself terminates directly at the grade. Where a bulkhead is applied to transition between the opening(s) and the adjacent grade, the bulkhead shall be between 10 inches and 36 inches tall (aluminum storefront or spandrel panel may not substitute for a bulkhead).

The storefront shall provide clear views of merchandise displays within the shop space and/or maintained and lighted merchandise display(s) within a display zone of approximately four feet in depth from the glass.

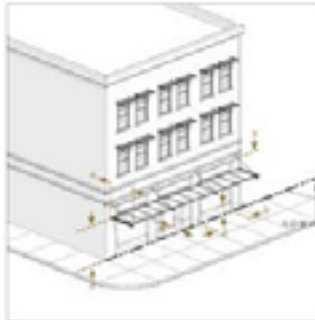
2. Elements

- a. Awnings, signs, etc. shall be located at least 8 feet above the adjacent sidewalk and may project for the width of the sidewalk at a rate of 6 inches per each foot above 8 feet to a maximum encroachment of within 2 feet of the curb.
- b. Signage shall not project within 2 ft of the adjacent curb face(s).
- c. Awnings shall only cover storefronts and openings so as to not cover the entire façade.

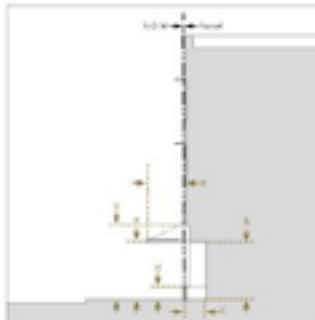
[1] The term "clear" means that the identified area is free of encroachments other than signs, light fixtures, etc.



Illustrative Photo: Shopfront



Axonometric Diagram: Shopfront



Section Diagram: Shopfront

D. Forecourt

Forecourt: A forecourt is a public space formed by a recess in the façade of a building. Forecourts are generally appropriate for commercial or civic use, or in some cases for vehicular drop-off at a civic building or hotel, as distinct from courtyards with are semi-public spaces providing frontages of a generally residential character.

1. Configuration

A great variety of forecourt designs are possible, but the following apply:

- a. min 10 feet clear [1], max 60 feet deep (clear [1])
- b. min 10'; max 60'
- c. The court may also be raised from the sidewalk, creating a small retaining wall at the property line with entry steps to the court, but shall not exceed 3 feet from the adjacent sidewalk grade.
- d. Storefronts shall be at least 10 feet tall, as measured from the adjacent sidewalk.
- e. The corresponding storefront opening(s) along the primary frontage shall be at least 65% of the 1st floor wall area and not have opaque or reflective glazing.
- f. A physical transition shall be provided between the glazing of the storefront and the grade except if the glazing itself terminates directly at the grade. Where a bulkhead is applied to transition between the opening(s) and the adjacent grade, the bulkhead shall be between 10 inches and 36 inches tall (aluminum storefront or spandrel panel may not substitute for a bulkhead).

The storefront shall provide clear views of merchandise displays within the shop space and/or maintained and lighted merchandise display(s) within a display zone of approximately four feet in depth from the glass.

- g. Encroachments within the forecourt, such as balconies, galleries, awnings, signage and light fixtures are allowed up to 1/3 the width and depth of the forecourt.

2. Elements

- a. Minimum clearances for signs, awnings, etc: vertical: 8' from sidewalk; horizontal: width of sidewalk.

[1] The term "clear" means that the identified area is the limit of the adjacent enclosed "conditioned" floor space.



Illustrative Photo: Forecourt



Axonometric Diagram: Forecourt

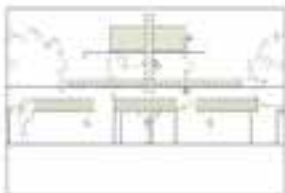
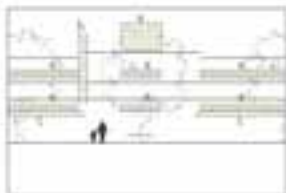
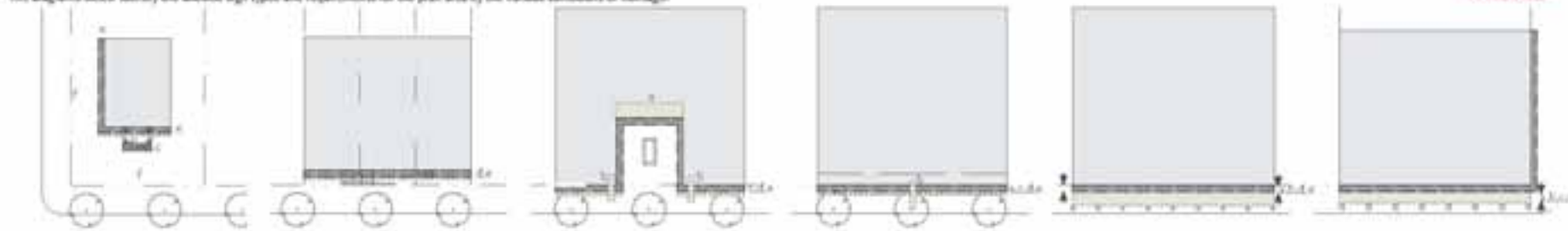


Section Diagram: Forecourt

4.4.05 SIGN STANDARDS

The diagrams below identify the allowed sign types and requirements for the plan area by the various conditions of frontage.

IN PROGRESS



Allowed signage indicated by shaded area and not dependent on sign break of column.



FRONTYARD/BENCH FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	-
02. Marquee	-
03. Hanging	Y
04. Projecting	-
05. Wall	Y
06. Free-stand	Y

EWOOD FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	-
02. Marquee	-
03. Hanging	Y
04. Projecting	Y
05. Wall	-
06. Free-stand	-

FORECOURT FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	Y
02. Marquee	Y
03. Hanging	Y
04. Projecting	Y
05. Wall	Y
06. Free-stand	-

SHOPFRONT FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	Y
02. Marquee	Y
03. Hanging	Y
04. Projecting	Y
05. Wall	Y
06. Free-stand	-

GALLERY FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	Y
02. Marquee	Y
03. Hanging	-
04. Projecting	Y
05. Wall	Y
06. Free-stand	-

ARCADE FRONTAGE

1. Location Requirements

Allowed = Y, Not Allowed = -

SIGN TYPE	Allowed
01. Roof	Y
02. Marquee	Y
03. Hanging	Y
04. Projecting	Y
05. Wall	Y
06. Free-stand	-



Type	Standards
YARD	(MIN)(MAX)
(a)	36" max
(b)	24" max
(c)	12" min
(d)	8" min
(e)	5' max
(f)	10" max
(g)	10" min
Signs Per Building: 1 max	

Yard sign



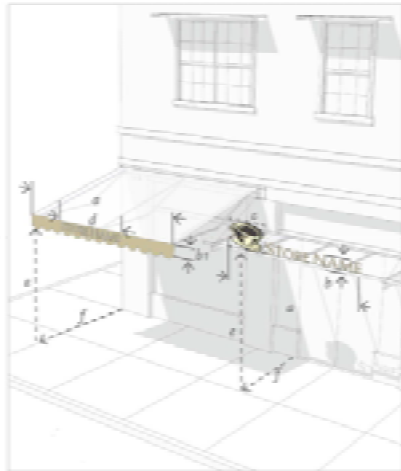
Type	Standards
WALL MOUNTED (MIN)(MAX)	
(a)	width of storefront
(b)	24" max
(c)	18" max, up to 1 sq. ft. per linear ft. of store footage
Mountings:	
	1) only above 1st floor windows.
	2) only between windows or above upper-most floor.
Signs Per Building: 1 per storefront	

Wall-mounted sign



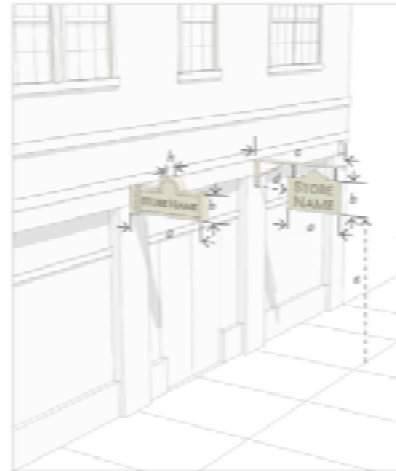
Type	Standards
ROOF MOUNTED (MIN)(MAX)	
(a)	20' max
(b)	6' max
(c)	15' max
(d)	15' max
(e)	feature area: max 120 sq. ft. available as a feature area above primary sign area subject to city council approval
Signs Per Building: 1 max (not allowed with a marquee sign)	
Signs Per Zone: only allowed in Center Zone and only a such signs allowed.	

Roof-mounted sign



Type	Standards
AWNING	(MIN)(MAX)
(a)	20' max[(1)]
(b)	18" max
(c)	10" max
(c)	feature area: 6 sq. ft. max
(d)	max 50% of 'a'
(e)	8' min[(2)]
(f)	within 2' of curb
	[(1)] within storefront bay
	[(2)] see urban standards 4.4 for additional height standards
Signs Per Building: 1 per awning	

Awning Sign



Type	Standards
PROJECTING	(MIN)(MAX)
(a)	48" max
(b)	30" max
(c)	20" max
(d)	14" max
(e)	8' min
Signs Per Building: 1 per storefront	

Projecting Sign



Type	Standards
MARQUEE	(MIN)(MAX)
(a)	6' max[(1)]
(b)	24" max
(c)	10" max
(d)	may align with corner or be placed anywhere on wall
(e)	10' min
(f)	max 50% of 'a'
Signs Per Building: 1 max (not allowed with a roof sign)	
	[(1)] to within 2' of curb

Marquee Sign

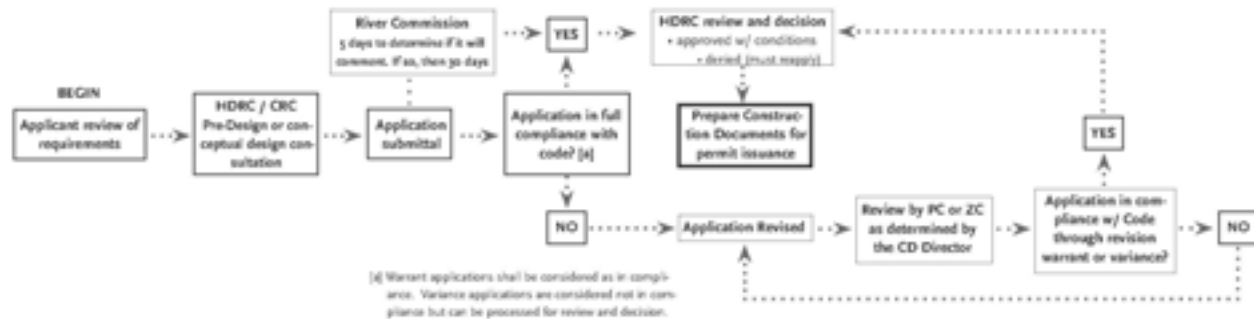
4.1 APPLICABILITY OF CODE

4.1.010 ORGANIZATION AND USE OF CODE

The following chart illustrates the contents of the code, the type of information in each component and the required action(s) by an applicant. This is a summary and subject to the actual processing and review by the City of San Antonio.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
APPLICATION	IDENTIFY ZONE	IDENTIFY LAND USE	SUBDIVISION STANDARDS	URBAN STANDARDS	BUILDING STANDARDS	FRONTAGE STANDARDS	SIGN STANDARDS AND ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
Page 4(3)	Page 4(5,6)	Page 4(9,10)	Page 4(45)	Page 4(11)	Page 4(17)	Page 4(3)	Page 4(37)
Required Action Provide the required information and processing fee(s) for the City to review and process your application.	Required Action Find your parcel's zoning category.	Required Action Find what uses are allowed on your parcel and what type(s) of permit(s) are required.	Required Action If your site is 4 acres or larger, apply the standards to design new blocks using the allowed street types. If this does not apply, go to Step 5.	Required Action Apply the standards to identify the allowed building footprint, encroachments and height.	Required Action Select from the allowed building types for your parcel and apply the standards to your parcel for each selected type.	Required Action Select from the allowed frontage types for your parcel and apply the standards to your proposed design.	Required Action Apply sign standards and any additional requirements to your proposed design.
Code Component	Code Component	Code Component	Code Component	Code Component	Code Component	Code Component	Code Component
Application Procedures and Requirements Consult City's application submittal requirements for types of drawings, information and quantities to be prepared and submitted with the application along with any required processing fee.	Regulating Plan and Zones • Center • Corridor • Neighborhood Regeneration • Neighborhood Stabilization East • Neighborhood Stabilization West	Land Use Standards P Permitted-Zoning Clearance Required CUP Conditional Use Permit Required — Use Not Allowed	Subdivision Standards • Blocks • Streets (Streets: see page 4(46))	Urban Standards • Building Placement • Parking Placement • Building Height—Profile i. Building Types ii. Frontage Types	Building Type Standards • Mixed-Use Block • Liner • Podium Court • Courtyard Housing • Live-Work • Rowhouse • Bungalow Court • Duplex, Triplex, Quadplex • House	Frontage Type Standards • Arcade • Gallery • Shopfront • Forecourt • Terrace • Light Court • Stoop • Porch	Sign Standards • Awning • Marquee • Monument • Projecting or suspended • Wall or freestanding • Window RIO 1 Parcels: Additional Requirements • Building entrances • Topography and drainage • Paving materials • Site walls and fences • Lighting • Access to public pathway along the river • Buffering and screening • Service areas and mechanical equipment • Facade composition • Staircases • Awnings, Canopies and Arcades • Other requirements

1. Historic Buildings/Sites
For historic or potentially historic buildings/sites please consult the HDRC staff prior to preparing your application to determine if there are applicable requirements and to identify the appropriate process.



Owning the Code

- **Establish the appropriate level of regulation with agency staff**
- **Making a clear and sequential transition to the future**
- **Help establish comfort and fluency with the code**
- **Clearly link the code to the existing regulatory system**

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