Livable Communities: Creating Environments For Successful Aging

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AARP's Social Impact Agenda

Economic Security

• Health

- Livable Communities
- Global Aging

What is a Livable Community?

A livable community is one that has

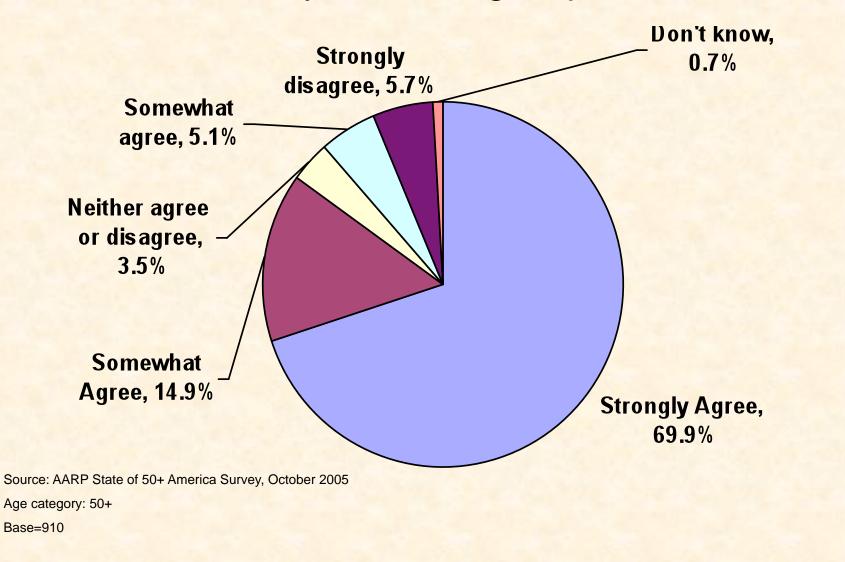
- affordable and appropriate housing,
- supportive community features & services,
- & adequate mobility options.

TOGETHER, these features facilitate personal independence and the engagement of residents in civic and social life.

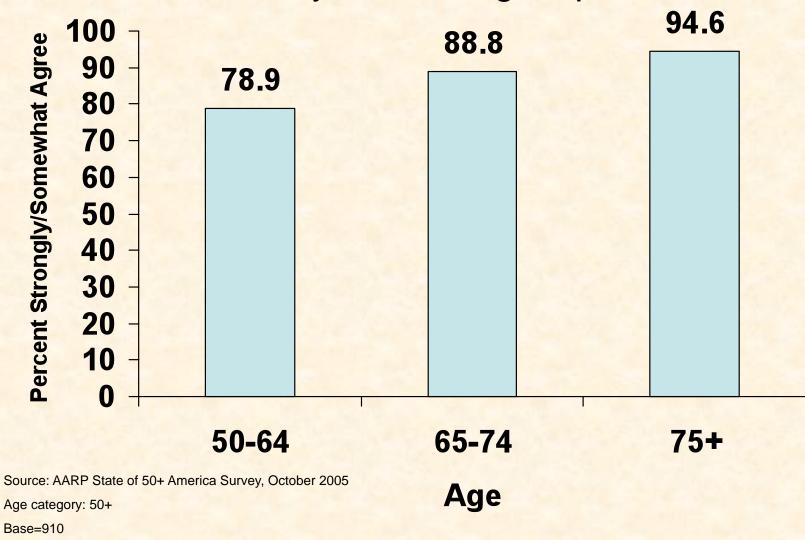
What Homes and Communities do People Desire?

People desire to stay in their existing homes and communities

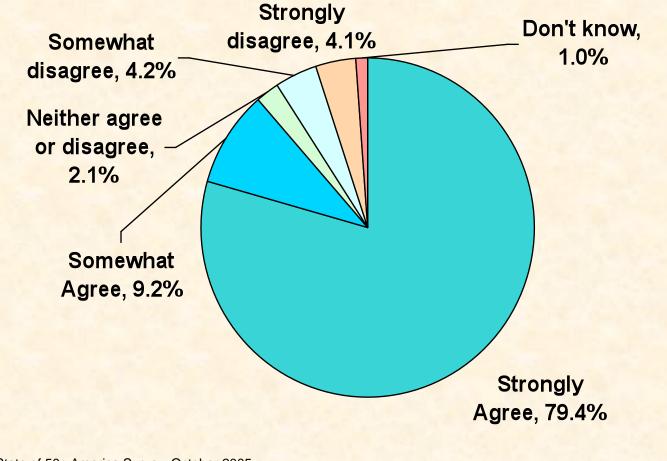
"What I'd really like to do is remain in my local community for as long as possible."



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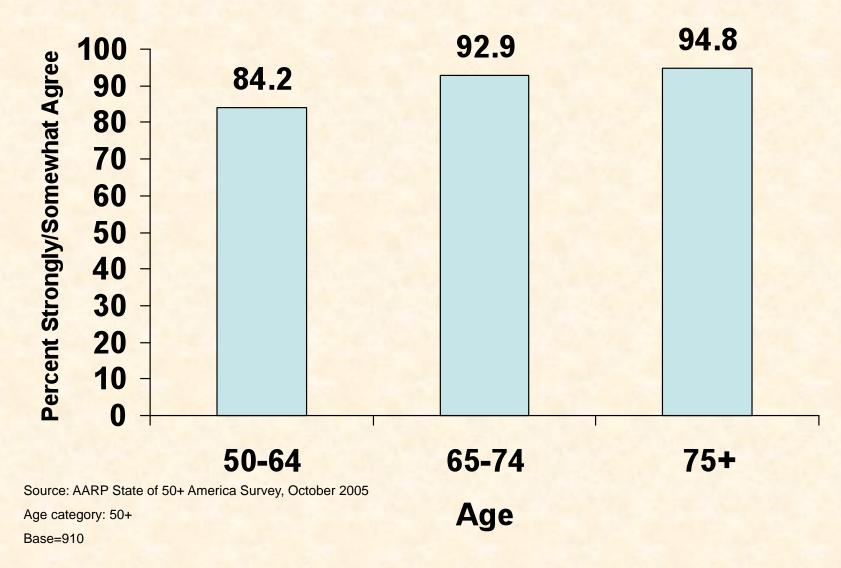
"What I'd really like to do is remain in my home for as long as possible."



Source: AARP State of 50+ America Survey, October 2005 Age category: 50+

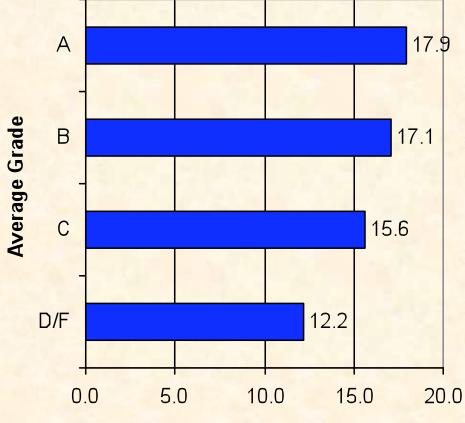
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"What I'd really like to do is remain in my home for as long as possible."



What are the Consequences of Home and Community Features for Community Engagement and Successful Aging?

DESIGN MAKES A DIFFERENCE Low Community = Low Levels of Community Engagement



Community Engagement Index

N=1005

Note: Highest value of the Community Index among survey respondents was 32.75

Source: AARP/Roper Public Affairs and Media group of NOP World, Beyond 50.05 Survey, 2004

How Can We Identify Areas of Improvement for Our Community?

Developing a Tool Livable Communities: An Evaluation Guide

Livable Communities: An Evaluation Guide

This evaluation guide can help residents, advocates, and local leaders identify areas of success and potential opportunities for improvement in their community.

The Community Evaluation Tool

- Transportation
- Walkability
- Safety and Security
- Shopping
- Housing
- Health Services
- Caring Community
- Recreation and cultural activities

Livable Communities:



An Evaluation Guide





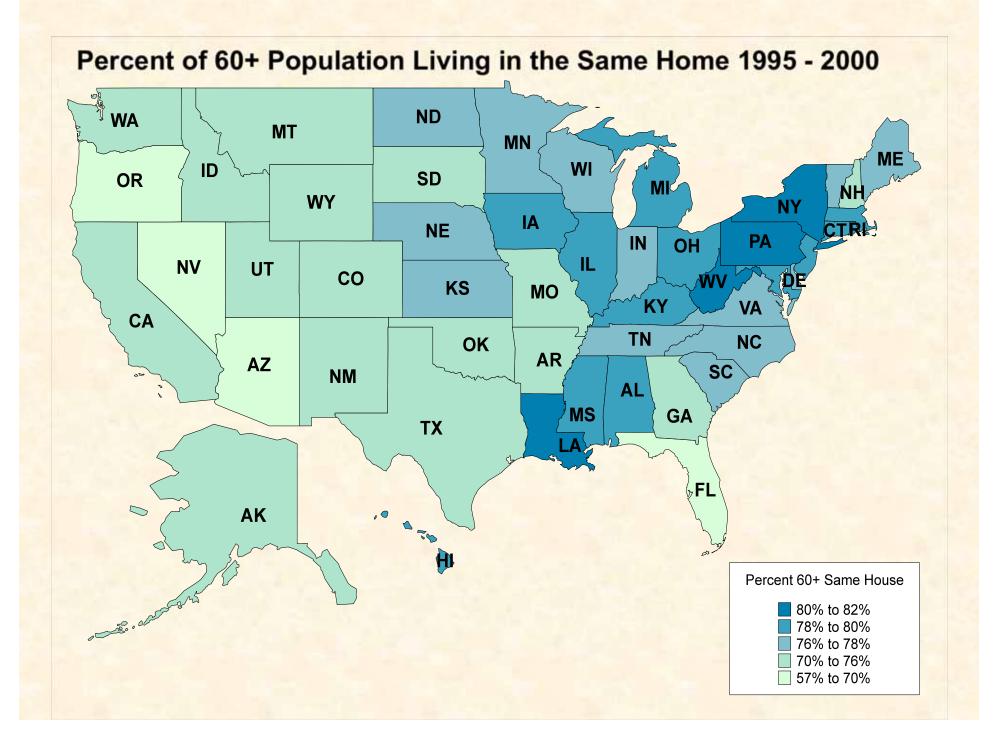
What are the Implications?

What most people currently do?

Most older Americans prefer not to move, if they can avoid it!

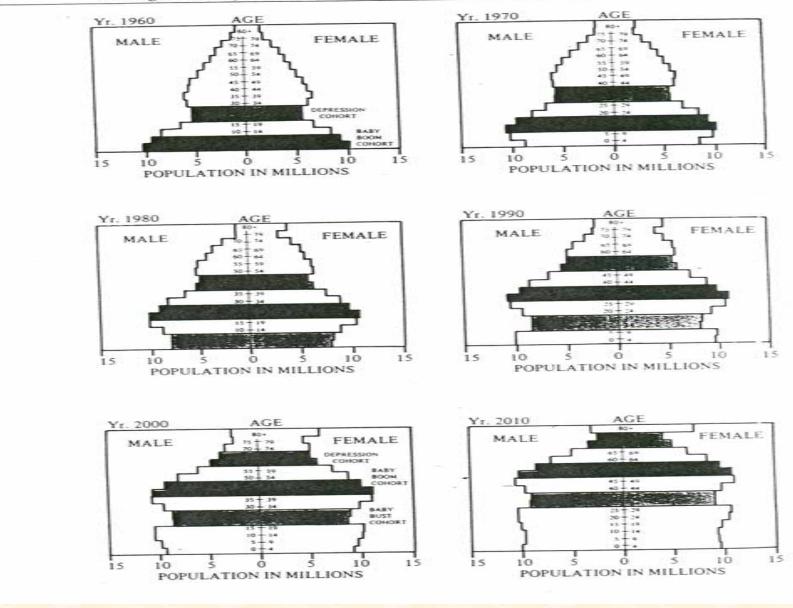
In fact, most people become <u>more</u> residentially stable as they age \rightarrow they "age-in-place"

This pattern existed in both the 1990 and 2000 US Census and dates back to 1960. 90% of people 60+ either stayed in same house or moved within the same county

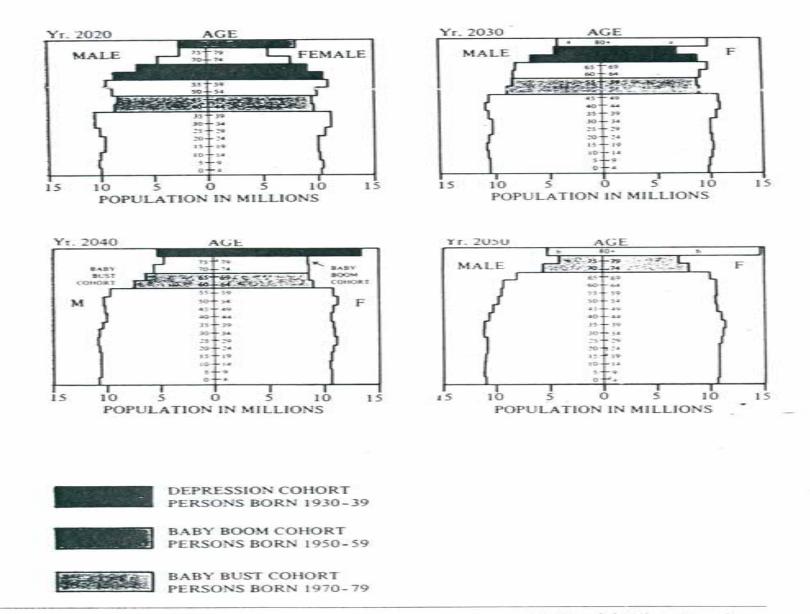


The Duality of Social Life: Stability and Change

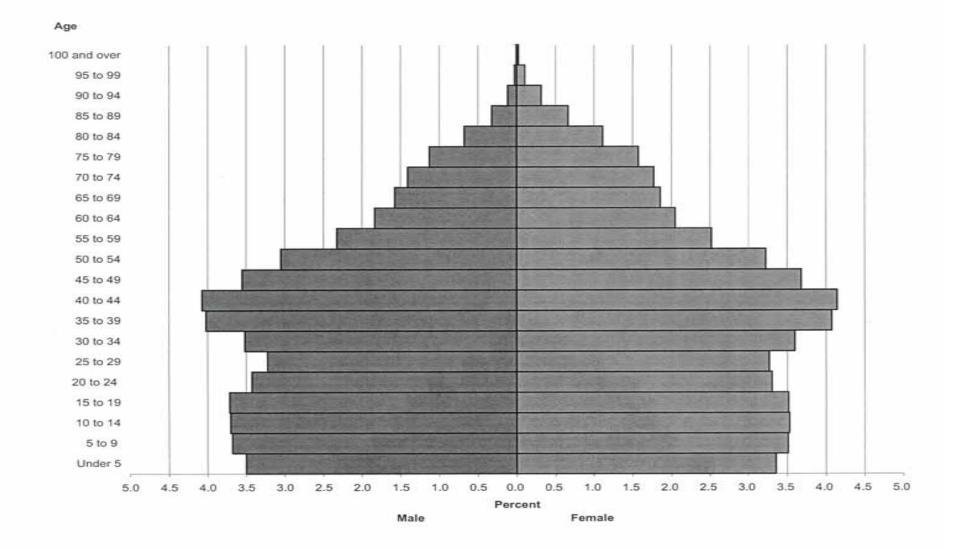
FIGURE 4-1 Progress of Depression Cohort, Baby Boom Cohort, and Baby Bust Cohort Through U.S. Population Age-Sex Pyramid: 1960-2050



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Source: Leon F. Bouvier, "America's Baby Boom Generation: The Fateful Bulge," Population Bulletin Vol. 35, No. 1 (Population Reference Bureau, Inc., Washington, D.C., 1980), Figure

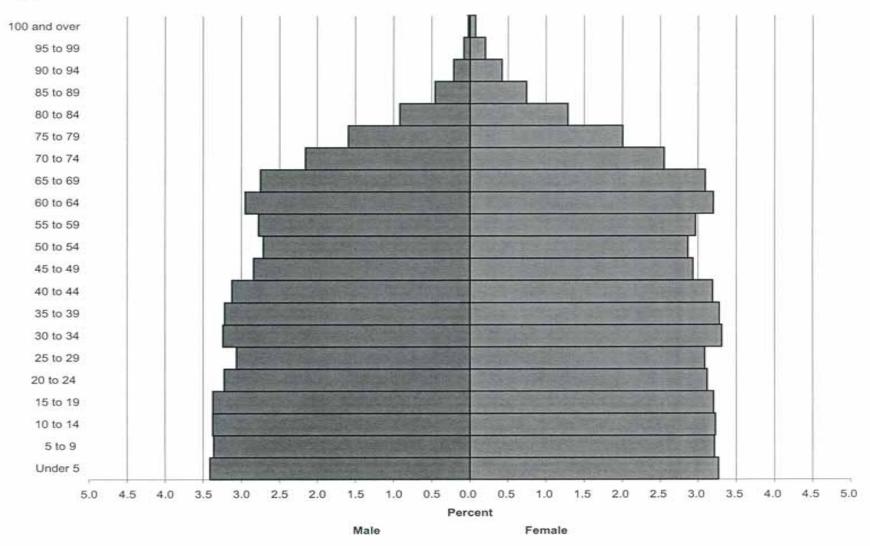


(NP-P2) Projected Resident Population of the United States as of July 1, 2000, Middle Series.

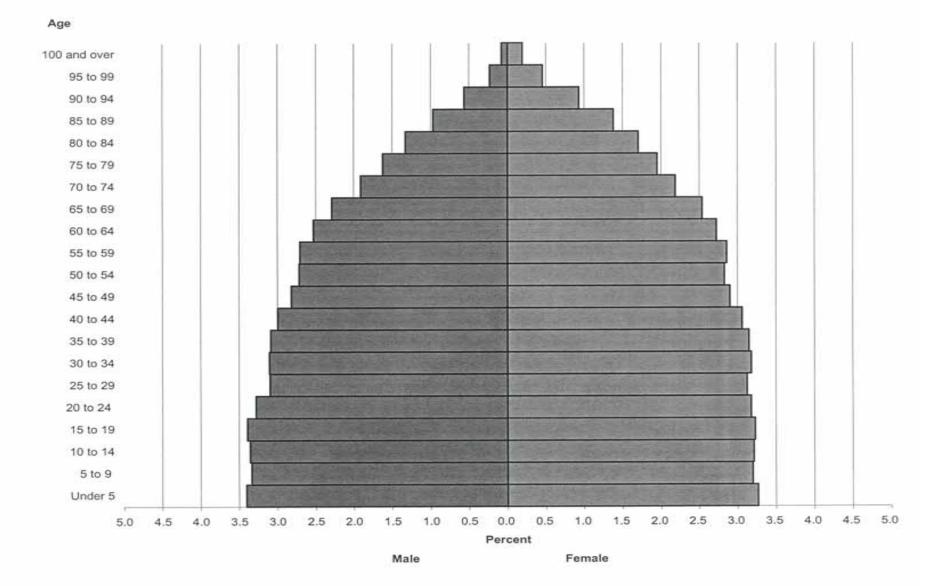
ource: National Projections Program, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233





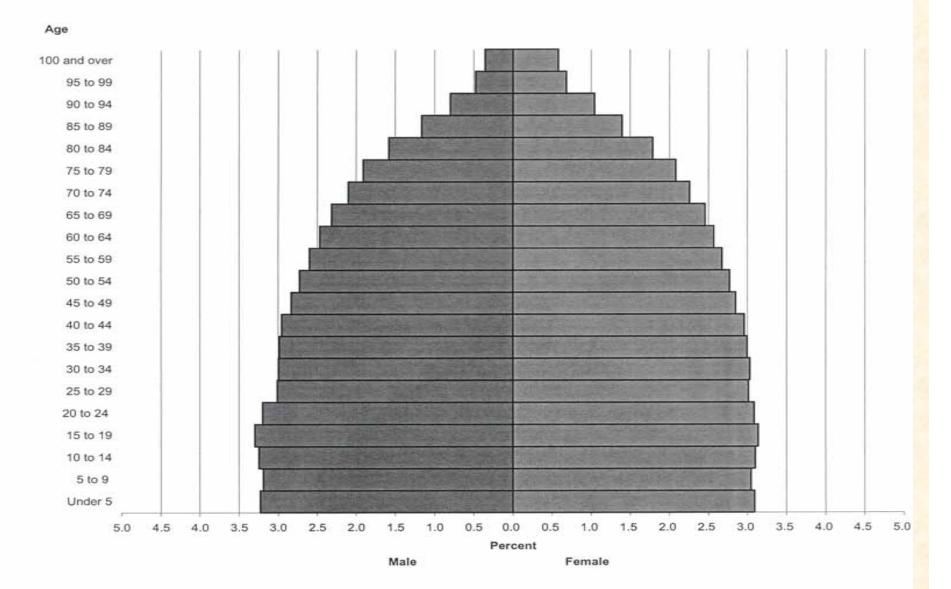


purce: National Projections Program, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233





ource: National Projections Program, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233



(NP-P5) Projected Resident Population of the United States as of July 1, 2100, Middle Series.

ource: National Projections Program, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233

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Age—Sex Structure

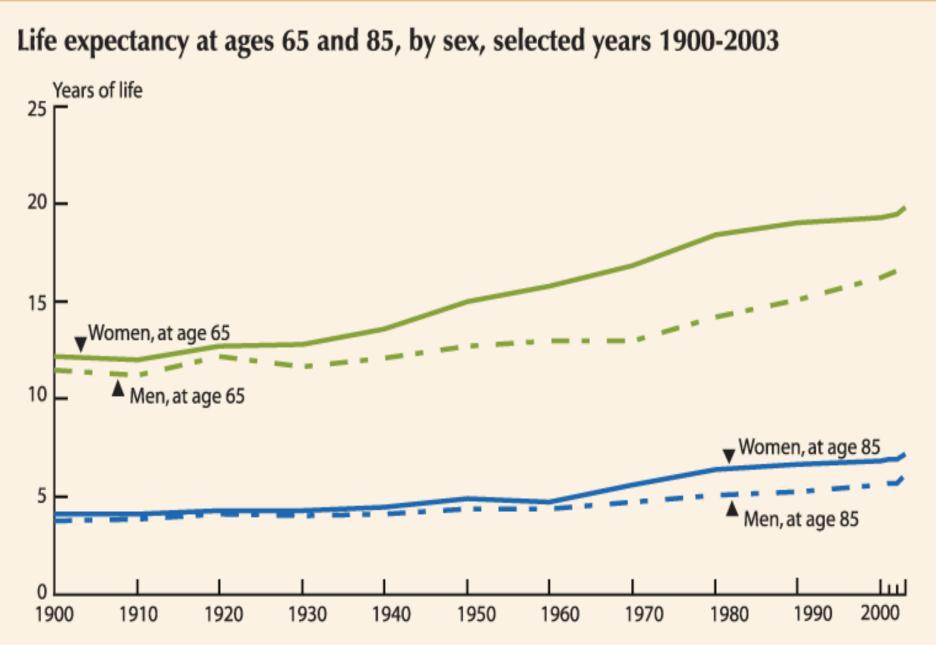
- Baby Boomers fundamentally altered the structure
- Dependency Ratio is also changed the number of workers supporting the number of children and the number of elderly

The Numbers

- In 2003, the 65+ population was 36 million
- By 2030, it will double to 72 million, or 20% of the total U.S. population
- By 2050, it will be 86.7 million
- More elderly than children once boomers age
- With the changing numbers, Life Span is increasing—adults who live to 65 can expect to live another 18 years!

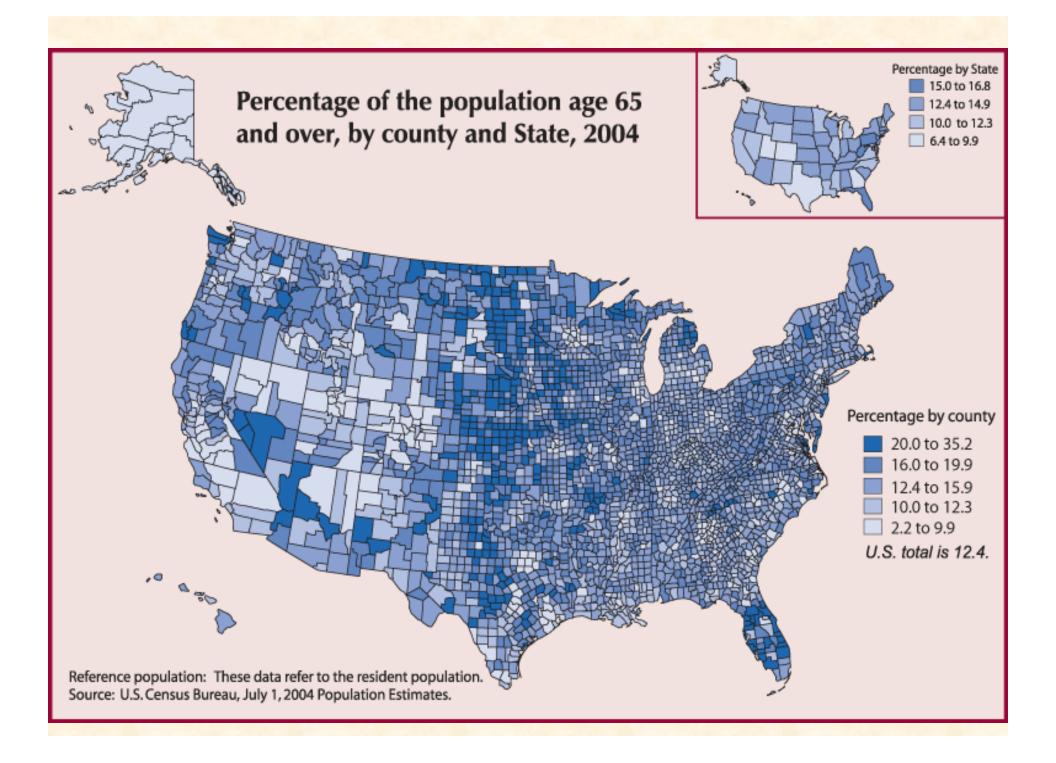
What do we know?

- 80+% of people 50 or older want to remain in their current home and community (AARP Survey)
- In 2003, the average U.S. family spent 52% of their household income on housing (33% and transportation (19%) (Bureau of Labor Statistics)
- For over half of America's home owners, at least 50% of their wealth is the equity of their home (US Census)
- 80% of people 50+ own their own home (US Census)



Reference population: These data refer to the resident population.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics System.



Things to Remember

- Currently elders might not be the pattern of boomers
- Boomers are healthier, wealthier and more educated
- But Boomers are not one single group; but most have ties to SUBURBIA!
- Birth rates declined after Boomers → Gen-X
- The "Boomlet" will follow, but they have had a smaller family/household size.

For Further Information

- Beyond 50.05, A Report to the Nation on Livable Communities: Creating Environments for Successful Aging
- Livable Communities: An Evaluation Guide

http://www.aarp.org/beyond50

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